



SAIMUN 2025

Resolution #418

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POWERED BY MODEL UNITED NATIONS CONFERENCE MANAGER

Committee: Disarmament and International Security (DISEC)

Question of: The measures that can be taken in order to limit illegal drug trafficking

Submitted by: The Republic of Haiti

Co-submitted by: Dominion of Canada, Federal Democratic Republic of Nepal, Federal Republic of Somalia, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, People's Republic of China, Republic of Costa Rica, Republic of South Africa, Republic of the Union of Myanmar, The Republic of Zambia

THE FIRST COMMITTEE OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY;

Alarmed by the fact that the ratio of illegal drug trafficking is increasing day by day and a solution must be found by the world countries which are having the same issues in their country,

Stressing by the effects of illegal drugs to a person in all aspects in the cases of long term addictions, and the possible effects and threats of illegal drugs upon the security and integrity of a nation's norms,

Guided by the Three Drug Conventions (1961-1971-1988), United Nations Convention against Transnational organized crime and United Nations Convention against Corruption for further address

Seeking the cooperation of committees and commissions such as the United Nations Office of Drugs and Crime (UNODC), United Nations Drug Commission (CND), and The Social, Humanitarian and Cultural Issues Committee (SOCHUM) and organizations such as the World Health Organization (WHO) and International Criminal Police Organization (ICPO/Interpol) and World Trade Organization (WTO) and other organizations and nonprofits,

1. **Calls upon** Member states to adopt policies for the rehabilitation of ex-drug users and the reintegration of ex-criminals back into society with the collaboration and aid of WHO and UNODC as mentioned in the 4th clause with programs such as:

- a) rehabilitation centers aided by the World Health Organization's (WHO) for treating of drug addiction
- b) creating an organization called Ex-Drug and Crime Youth (EXDCY) for the specialized form of Therapy for the adolescents who were involved in crime and drug addiction
- c) promotion of safe job opportunities, economic growth and support, creation of better infrastructure, social inclusion and protection within low-income communities which often resort to crime with the aid of the International Labor Organization (ILO) and NGOs such as the Fair Labor Association (FLA)
- d) in cases of extreme poverty and segregation creating IMF funded trust fund for the people;

2. **Reminds** that education should be every country's biggest priority and some measures should be taken as an agreement will be made and include the article that if all students who are old enough to study cannot be educated in their country, they should be requested to be sent to another country that will provide support for their education; all their financial expenses will be provided by the country who agreed in this agreement,

3. Emphasized that using artificial intelligence should increase and working on how to strengthen cyber security

a) Developing technological systems to detect trafficking actions and terrorist attacks in cultural properties with research teams that are established, by volunteered member states and in collaboration with High-Level Advisory Body on AI, technologies such as;

- b) Recruiting security personnel selected by and from volunteered member states according to their past experiences on cultural heritage protection,

a) Having monthly meetings and sessions for both adults and children with the countries which includes to the United Nations

5. **Encourages** some NGOs such as United Nations Office on Drugs and Crime (UNODC) could work with the countries where the usage of drugs is more often than others could collaborate and some projects could be done such as;

6. **Supports** the fact that working on new political agreements and solving the tension between blocks should be a necessary, these kinds of events will be taking place in the United Nations office by organizing meetings,

7. “”””””””””**Considers** the eradication of plants that contain narcotic and psychotropic substances within member states in a measure to prevent the cultivation of illicit drugs with Fundamental human rights in mind taking due account of the traditional legal uses where there is historical evidence of such use and the protection of environment per the three international drug conventions also taking in account the National legislations, The United Nations Legislation and The Rights of Indigenous People.